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REMARKS

The instant Amendment is filed in response to the official action dated February 24, 2004. Reconsideration is respectfully requested.

The status of the claims is as follows:

Claims 1-7, 9-28, 30-33, and 35-36 are currently pending.

Claims 1-7, 9-28, 30-33, and 35-36 stand rejected.

Claims 1, 21, 30, 33, and 35-36 have been amended.

Claims 61-65 have been added.

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-7, 9-20, 26-29, 31-33, and 35-36 under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kahn et al. (USP 6,401,079). The Applicants have amended claims 1, 33, and 35-36 to include the limitation that the identified transactions include collected punch information. This limitation is described throughout the instant application, for example, see page 6, lines 18-19, of the application. As indicated on page 5 of the official action, Kahn et al. do not disclose calculating compensation based on actual attendance collected from punch information with any or all of IN/OUT information, timestamps, and break indications collected by a reader or biometrics device. Accordingly, the Applicants respectfully submit that amended claims 1, 33, and 35-36 and the claims dependent therefrom distinguish over the cited

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Kahn reference, and therefore the rejections of the claims 1-7, 9-20, 26-29, 31-33, and 35-36 under section 102 of the Patent Laws are unwarranted and should be withdrawn.

The Examiner has rejected claims 21-25 and 30 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kahn et al. Specifically, the official action indicates that the Kahn reference does not disclose calculating compensation based on actual attendance collected from punch information with any or all of IN/OUT information, timestamps, and break indications collected by a reader or biometrics device. The official action further indicates that because the Kahn reference discloses payroll information including timesheet details for each employee, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided the payroll information for each employee with punch information, in order to provide the employer with an accurate indication of the employee's attendance.

It is well settled that the results and advantages produced by the claimed subject matter cannot be ignored when determining the patentability of the subject matter "as a whole". Because the Kahn reference fails to recognize the results and advantages produced by the subject matter of claims 21-25 and 30, and, in

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fact, is completely devoid of disclosure relating to such results and advantages, claims 21-25 and 30 are not rendered obvious by the Kahn reference. Accordingly, the rejections of claims 21-25 and 30 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are unwarranted and should be withdrawn.

Specifically, transactions, e.g., "punches", are entered into the Applicants' system at one or more entry terminals $\mathbf{4}$ (e.g., a time clock employing magnetically or optically encoded cards that are "swiped" through a magnetic or optical card reader by the employee), which are polled by a poller/merger 6 (see page 1, lines 11-13, page 4, lines 19-20, and Fig. 1 of the application). For example, a "punch in" may specify a time when the employee begins work, either at the start of the work day or at the end of a scheduled break; and, a "punch out" may specify a time when the employee finishes work, either at the start of a scheduled break or at the end of the work day (see page 5, line 27, to page 6, line 2, of the application). Actual punches can come in a number of varieties, e.g., IN/OUT punches, transfer punches that change the employee's Labor Allocation Class (LAC), and special pay punches that award the employee special pay (see page 6, lines 15-Accordingly, identified transactions 18, of the application). such as punches may specify (1) actual times when the employee

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begins and finishes sub-shifts and completed shifts (IN/OUT

punches), (2) actual times when the employee changes work

assignments during the shift (transfer punches), and (3) whether

the employee should be awarded a certain amount of special pay

time (special pay punches).

identified Because the Applicants' system operates on

transactions such as punch data, the Applicants' system can

automatically determine the compensation for an employee who (1)

begins and finishes work at various times during a complete shift,

(2) performs different duties during various sub-shifts within the

complete shift, and (3) qualifies for certain amounts of special

pay time.

Another important advantage of the Applicants' system is that

it facilitates the making of "shift assignments", i.e., the

association of a set of transactions occurring during a limited

contiquous time period with a shift and a set of work rules.

example, when making a shift assignment, the earliest transaction

in a set of transactions is identified first. Next, one or more

shifts qualified for the shift assignment are found based on this

earliest transaction, and among these shifts, the best match is

selected for the shift assignment (see page 6, lines 20-31, of the

Because the Applicants' system operates application).

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identified transactions such as IN/OUT punches, transfer punches,

and special pay punches, the Applicants' system has easy access to

all of the data necessary for automatically making such shift

assignments.

In contrast, as indicated in the official action, Kahn et al.

not disclose calculating compensation based actual on do

attendance collected from punch data. Instead, the Kahn system

merely calculates compensation based on timesheet data (i.e.,

hours worked and paid time-off during a particular pay period) and

non-timesheet data (i.e., bonuses, commissions, tips, and other

non-hourly or salary based earnings during the pay period). Such

timesheet and non-timesheet data is collected, i.e., imported or

manually keyed into the Kahn system, on a daily basis or at the

end of the pay period (see column 15, lines 48-57, of Kahn et

al.).

Because such timesheet and non-timesheet data operated on by

the Kahn system does not comprise information relating to

different duties that may be performed by an employee during

various sub-shifts within a complete shift (i.e., transactions

comprising transfer punch data), but instead merely includes

information relating to hours worked and special earnings, the

Kahn system cannot be used for automatically making shift

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To make such automatic shift assignments, data assignments. relating to the employee's duties would likely be manually keyed Being able to make shift assignments into the Kahn system. automatically is an important advantage of the Applicants' system.

Because the Kahn reference fails to recognize the results and advantages produced by the subject matter of claims 21-25 and 30, e.g., providing a system and method capable of making shift assignments automatically, claims 21-25 and 30 are not rendered Accordingly, the rejections of obvious by the Kahn reference. claims 21-25 and 30 and the claims dependent therefrom under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are unwarranted and should be withdrawn.

As indicated above, claims 61-65 have been added to more distinctly claim embodiments of the present invention. claims, as provided below, are clearly supported by the originally including the originally filed disclosure, filed Specifically, new claims 61-65 relate to making shift assignments, i.e., the process of associating a set of transactions with a shift and a work rule, as described on page 6, lines 20-31, of the instant application. It is respectfully submitted that new claims 61-65 are patentable over the cited references on which the abovedescribed rejections are based.

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In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that the present application is in a condition for allowance. Early and favorable action is respectfully requested.

The Examiner is encouraged to telephone the undersigned Attorney to discuss any matter that would expedite allowance of the present application.

Respectfully submitted,

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